

IRMA TIMES

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Harvesting Operations Will Soon Be General Throughout Province

Issued by the Department of Agriculture, Edmonton, Aug. 11, 1934. Harvesting of 1934 wheat is now well under way in Southern Alberta, and has commenced in a few localities in Central Alberta. In the north-central and northern districts, where the weather has been cool and backward for the most part, and where rains have been frequent, harvesting will not commence generally for ten days or two weeks. In these districts the ripening process has been retarded, but there is prospect now for warmer weather, which should offset the anxiety still felt concerning the danger of frost in some of the northern districts where the grain is still fairly green.

Over a considerable section of the province, grain crops have suffered some further deterioration in the past fortnight, due to the continuance of hot, dry weather. This applies to southern and south-eastern districts as well as to a fairly large area across the central portion of the province. In the north-central and northern areas, further rains have fallen and the need now is for more warm sunny weather to bring the grain to maturity, and enable harvesting to be completed to escape the possibility of early autumn frosts. The harvesting season is not sufficiently advanced as yet to enable any definite estimate of grain yields to be made. The hope of a heavy total yield of wheat must, of course, be abandoned, but with some of the southern districts still holding out prospect of fair yields and the north-central and northern districts anticipated quite heavy crops, there can be fairly certain expectation of a total yield greater than that of 1933.

In the south-eastern districts, chiefly in the Goose Lake railway territory, the grain crops will be very short, returning in some localities little more than seed, while in others crops have already been turned into the fields. There are still some fair crops on summer-fallow land in these districts, however. In southern areas, while hot, dry weather has had its effect recently, there are still many bright spots, and some quite good yields will be obtained, particularly from early seeding which is expected to return a good average yield. In the foothill

districts there are also some very good crops in prospect, although some shrinkage is noted within the past fortnight. In the central areas from Didsbury north to Wetaskiwin, and eastward to the Saskatchewan boundary, weather has continued warm and dry, relieved in a few localities by some showers, but not sufficient to prevent further deterioration. The yields in these areas, which normally produce good crops of grain, will be lighter than usual.

In the territory tributary to Edmonton, north-east to Saskatchewan border and throughout the northern districts prospects are for very good yields. In the Edmonton territory, and north-west and north, rains have been fairly frequent up to this date, and while the grain has been somewhat slow in ripening in many localities, more rapid progress is now being made towards the harvest stage.

With respect to feed, the situation generally is better than was the case in 1933. Some of the southern districts, however, will have a shortage. Pastures have suffered during the past fortnight from the dry weather. In the more central and northern districts, there will be a fairly abundant supply.

Wedding Bells

SPARROW-SIMMONS

A very pretty though unique wedding was solemnized in the Irma United Church at midnight, Saturday, August 10th, between Miss Violet Hilda Simmons of Irma, and Mr. Kenneth Sparrow, Saskatoon. The bride, who was born in Edmonton, the youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. S. G. Simmons, Irma (formerly of Edmonton), entered the Church on the arm of her father at 11:45 p.m., made a charming picture in dress of white silk organdy made on long graceful lines, with jacket of all silk mesh crepe, elbow length white mitts, and large picture hat. She carried a sheaf of pale pink gladioli.

The groom is the youngest son of Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Sparrow, Saskatoon, and is very popular in Y.M.C.A. and other circles of activity there. He is employed with McGavin's of that city.

The bride's mother was unattended. The bride chose a dress of taupe gray silk tulle, with cape to match trimmed in dark gray silk braid. She wore a corsage of dainty tea roses and dark gray hat with touches of pink and mauve.

Mrs. Bruce Hadlow played the wedding music and during the signing of the register.

Rev. J. R. Geeson of Irma United Church officiated.

The church was beautifully decorated for the occasion with ferns and baskets of cut flowers in shades of pink, white and mauve, with wedding bells and pink and white streamers.

The out of town guests were: Mr. Wm. Jack, Clyde, the bride's uncle; Mr. John Jack and daughter Olive of Poe, Alta.; a cousin; Mr. and Mrs. Carson of Islay, a cousin of the bride.

Following the service a reception was held at the home of the bride, about twenty guests attending, after which the popular young couple who have a host of friends in Edmonton, Irma and Saskatoon wishing them a long happy life together, left for Saskatoon, where they will make their home.

WEEKLY REVIEW PROV. MARKETS

Cattle
BEEF—Receipts somewhat heavier at Edmonton this week, and with better quality there has been ready outlet for anything good at steady prices; plain kinds remain slow and draggy. Choice heavy steers \$3@3.25; choice light \$3@3.50; good \$2.50@3; medium \$2@2.50; common \$1@1.42. Choice heifers \$2.50@3; good sorts \$2.25@2.50. Choice cows sold at \$1.50@1.75; good \$1.25@1.50; medium \$1@1.25; common 75c@1.11; canners and cutters 50c@75c. Choice bulls brought \$1.25@1.50; medium \$1@1.25, and canners from 75c up. Choice light calves \$2.50@3 and common \$1@1.75. FEEDERS—STOCKERS—Feeders \$1.75@2; stock steers from \$1.30@1.75; stock heifers \$1.25@1.75, and stock cows from \$1@1.50.

Prices a shade firmer at Edmonton. Bacon \$7.25; select \$7.75; butchers \$6.75, fed and watered.

Sheep
Edmonton market unchanged. Yearlings quoted at \$2@3; ewes \$1@2.25 and lambs \$3@4.

Poultry—Eggs
POULTRY—Chicken and fowl values unchanged, but grades on young birds altered. Receipts increasing, and quite a number of good weight birds are on offer. Demand holding up very well; summer resort trade considerably better than last year. EGGS—Prices are unchanged: "A" grade, 16c; "B" 14c; "C" 11c. Receipts very light; demand good, although believed to be somewhat easier than for last week. Quality only fair owing to hot weather.

Hay—Feed Grains—Greenfeed
HAY—Upland cutting is fairly well advanced in the southern portion of the province, but districts from Calgary north are delayed as crop has not yet finished maturing. Some doubt expressed as to whether the feed situation will be better than last year. Prices steady. OATS—Price steady at 30¢@32¢ per bushel, delivered; fair demand, with stocks only arriving as required. GREEN FEED—Few offerings, as old crop cleaned up; new supplies not ready for cutting.

MANAGER PLANS BOIT FOR YOUNG EDWIN WENSTOB

Young Ed. Wenstob, one of the best young boxing prospects to develop in this city in years, arrived back in Edmonton on Friday and today will go into serious training for several ring engagements which are planned for him soon. Wenstob has been out at Hubbell's lake, rowing, skipping and fishing and he is in the picture of health. A fine, strapping big boy, he is only 19 years of age. He has fought nine good boys, whipped eight of these and only dropped one decision. At the present time, his manager, Mike Kaplansky, well known fight referee and a keen student of boxing, is planning a bout for Wenstob with Sailor Goodlands, of Carstairs. Both are lightweight and the match, if it is held, will attract considerable attention as Wenstob has already won a host of followers in northern Alberta. He is a Viking, Alta., boy and the pride of that district.

You'll hear more about Wenstob, and soon—Sporting Editor, Edmonton Journal.

A. I. DOLLAR IS NAMED ALBERTA HORSE INSPECTOR

A. I. (Andy) Dollar, Clydesdale breeder of High River, has been appointed provincial horse inspector for this province. The appointment became effective about the middle of this month, and he takes over the duties formerly performed by Thos. Cronie of Calgary.

Mr. Dollar is well known to the horse breeders not only of the province, but throughout Canada, as a judge of agricultural and heavy draft breeds, in fact he was one of the judges at the Calgary show this spring, and has been connected with breeding for a number of years. He is vice-president of the Alberta Clydesdale Breeders' association.

In his new position Mr. Dollar will be working under the provincial department of agriculture and his duties will include inspection of the stallions and horses to be entered in the big shows and work of a similar nature.

No matter how flat your conversation may be, says a careful observer, the women folks like to have it flatter.

Fair Crowd Enjoys Irma Sports Day

The Agricultural Society Sports day was fairly well attended for the time of year. A good many had started cutting and others getting ready. The senior ball games were closely contested and some fast ball was played at times. Both games were won by a run. The score in the first game between Irma and Red Stars being 4 to 3 in favor of Irma. Batteries for Irma were Knudson, P. Floyd, Erickson catcher. Red Stars, F. Lukins, G. Prosser, pitchers, Geo. Fincher catcher. Second game, Rockyford and Irma, 9 innings, was the Reeve in due course open the 7 and 8, and Irma just passed out as there were two out when John Schoner came in on a drive by S. Fenton, Lefty Vores pitched for Rockyford, Marshall Dawson catcher, C. Dingvalson, P. and F. Erickson catcher for Irma.

Junior teams—Hardisty, Albert and Irma. Irma drew by, Hardisty ran off from Albert in first inning but were not long in lead as in the 4th inning the score was evened up. In the next inning Albert failed to score and Hardisty won 8 and 9, a 5 inning game. Irma was too much for Hardisty as they gave L. Jones good support and his pitching was good. Score 13 and 3, 7 innings. The softball girls, Wainwright, Irma and Rockyford. 1st game Rockyford was beaten by Wainwright 15 to 19. Second game Irma beat Wainwright after a hard fight, as the Wainwright girls came for the money. The score was 7 and 8 in favor of Irma.

All the different races were contested. The 440 yard was won by R. Lukins, F. Magnus second. The 100 yard race was won by R. Lukin 1st, F. Lukin 2nd, taking the four home with them. There were five entries. The Women's Institute had the extra end of booth, pie, hot dogs and coffee went out to the hungry, while the Agricultural Society handled the soft drink end.

COMMUNISM NOT WANTED

It would seem that the C.C.F. still has some pledging to do, if reports from the Winnipeg conference are correct. There is a communist element in the organization. Communism will kill the C.C.F. quicker than Liberalism or Conservatism. The incident which provokes these remarks is where a Vancouver delegate is reported to have stated that he would fight in a war on behalf of Soviet Russia, but for no other country. The best place to fight for Soviet Russia is in Russia. The man would be sent there in a hurry.

The world has the experiment of communism as exemplified in Russia before its eyes for nearly twenty years. All we can say about the result is that almost any kind of government is preferable to Communism. It stinks in the nostrils of freedom-loving people. Communism as demonstrated in Russia is infinitely worse than Capitalism in the latter's blackest moments.

True we have poverty here in the midst of plenty. But we don't starve our people in order to gain a few million dollars by exporting food. Russia, in spite of cruel, ruthless regimentation, is the one large country that hasn't been flush with food for the past few years. It is the one big country with poverty in the midst of plenty.

Russia has abolished all wealthy people; is run by a workers' council, has social credit, has a large area and fertile soil, and also has the lowest standard of living of any of the important world countries. Our people on the prairies, debt-burdened, hard-up, and hopeless as they are, have an incomparably higher standard of living and freer, happier, and better lives, than the mass of Russian people. —Hanna Herald.

Shipping Hogs

Tuesday, Aug. 21
HOGS BOUGHT ANY DAY—THE HIGHEST PRICES PAID.
Foxwell & Johnson
PHONE 13

Council Minutes of Municipal District of Kinsella, No. 424

Full Council present.
Minutes of previous meeting were passed as read.

Statement of receipts and expenditures was passed as read.
Sealed tenders for the purchase of the McLaughlin Car having been opened and read, Cr. Overbo moved that as the price offered in tenders was too low, none of the tenders be accepted.

Cr. Overbo—That secretary call for further tenders and that tenders be in the hands of the secretary on or before Sept. 1st, 1934, and that the Reeve in due course open the tenders and if he considers a fair price has been offered the said Reeve be authorized to sell the car.

An offer of \$30 having been made by Mr. G. Hagenson for the watch belonging to the late W. G. Bjornness, Cr. Lisson moved that the offer be accepted and the watch sold to Mr. Hagenson.

Cr. Pendleton—That in due course Secretary seize the crops of ratepayers on school land whose taxes are in such arrears as to warrant seizure. Letter from Dept. of Public Works re constructing steps on highway at Jarow having been read, Cr. Bowden moved that the matter be tabled till the engineer has been consulted. Correspondence from University Hospital, Viking Hospital, Sawyer-Massey Co., C. P. Ry. Co., having been read was tabled for attention by

Secretary.

Cr. Pendleton—That the following bills be passed for payment:
J. P. Bawden, F. & M. \$ 4.60
A. Bradley, F. & M. 7.40
K. G. Carter, F. & M. 5.00
E. Harnack, labor 8.10
M. Unalouka, repairs 11.00
A. E. Skird, relief, McMurray, Boswell 50.00
E. J. Kelly, material 6.75
A. J. S. Kaghohn, repairs 8.25
A. G. Telephones 5.82
J. Marshall, relief, Smuts 17.50
W. Boyd, relief, Kelly 10.00
Road Sheet, No. 5 119.70
Road Sheet, No. 5 159.60
Road Sheet, No. 4 95.50
Road Sheet, No. 4 48.05

Cr. Murray—That meeting adjourn till October 8th, at Kinsella.

W. C. T. U. ANNUAL MEETING AUGUST 24th

Superintendents should bring to the annual W.C.T.U. meeting, Thursday afternoon, at 3 o'clock, Aug. 24, written reports of work done in each department. These, when submitted to and approved by the local, are to be forwarded to provincial superintendents to be compiled in their reports for convention to be held at Calgary in October.

BORN—To Mr. and Mrs. Dubosh, a daughter, on Sat., Aug. 4th, 1934.

LIST OF SPECIAL PRIZES FOR SCHOOL FAIR

Percy Jones, \$1.00 for first prize in class 3; \$1.00 for second prize in class 3; \$1.00 for best in class 3; \$1.00 for best in class 3.

J. Fletcher, for most points in classes 50 to 54, \$1.25; classes 55 to 59, \$1.25; classes 60 to 65, \$1.25; class 66 best, \$1.25.

W. Frickelton, for best writing in grades 6, 7, and 8, three verses of "Lead Kindly Light" in ink; first, pen and pencil set, value \$3.25; second, fountain pen \$1.25 value.

C. W. Wilbraham, for best in ink, grades 3 to 5, the following statement: "Now is the time for all good men to come to the aid of their party," first, value \$1.25; second, value \$1.00.

McFarland Co., child's slip-over apron, machine sewn; sizes 10 to 16, to be made of Sanforized Chambray; first, \$2.00 second, \$1.00.

Pillow slip, homestitched, made of Wabaso Tubbing 36 inches long; first, \$2.00, second \$1.00. Each of these entries must have sale slip showing purchase from McFarland Co.

Robt. Simpson Co., Regina; for most points in cooking classes; \$9.50 Cassiole for first.

Blue Ribbon tea biscuit competition; six best Tea Biscuits baked with Blue Ribbon Baking Powder. Empty can or grocers receipt must accompany entry. First, \$4.00; second, \$2.00; third, \$1.00.

Standard Brands for best layer cake baked with Magic Baking Powder. See hand bills for receipt and directions to be had from teacher or Sec. of School Fair. First, lady's wrist watch; second fountain pen. For girls 9 to 15 years old.

F. Peterson, for best bouquet of flowers; first, \$1.50 value in Lily bulb; second, any Peonies; third, any perennial.

T. Eaton, Winnipeg, for most points in garden and sheep grain classes;

U. G. G. BINDER TWINE

When you buy U.G.G. Binder Twine you count on the same satisfactory service you have learned to expect when you market your grain through United Grain Growers.

BUY U.G.G. BINDER TWINE
DELIVER YOUR GRAIN TO
UNITED GRAIN GROWERS LTD.
Elevators at: IRMA, JARROW, KINSELLA, VIKING.

Notice to Threshermen Licenses Now Due

All operators of Threshing Rigs and Combines Are Required to Register each season with the Department of Agriculture at Edmonton, and obtain a License to Operate, the Fee for which is ONE DOLLAR. This Fee is now Due and Payable for the Season of 1934.

All Those Operating Threshing Rigs or Combines Without Such License are Liable to Prosecution.

Applications for Licenses should be made at once to municipal secretaries or to

Department of Agriculture
EDMONTON ALBERTA

ORANGE PEKOE BLEND "SALADA" TEA

"Fresh from the Gardens"

To Stimulate Objective Thinking

The lopsided condition in which the world finds itself to-day, naturally leads to serious thought on the part of everyone. Why should there be so much poverty and want in the midst of a surplus of commodities? What are the real causes of stagnation of trade the world over. One hears that the capitalist system is doomed, and out of the present chaotic conditions a new order is bound to be established. Many theories are being continually advanced, designed to produce a new Utopia. The history of the world establishes the fact that all reforms necessarily come slowly. There can be no rapid realization of many obviously needed changes in our social system. But the world does not stand still, a forward and not a backward movement is inevitable. The encouragement and not the suppression of constructive thinking and expression of thought would be of material assistance. In the annual address of Principal Fyfe of Queen's University, reference was made to the stimulation of thought by means of discussions in the class rooms. He is reported in part as follows:

"In our academic seclusion we sometimes catch from a busier world the echoes of an accusation that the Universities of Canada are becoming 'nurseries of anarchy and revolution'. So far as such charges have any basis except hysteria, they may serve to encourage us, for they seem to indicate that students are in some measure acquiring the art of looking at both sides of disputed questions, an art in which it is our duty to encourage them. The ideal of suppressing enquiry and free speech, which has for the moment established a tragic dominance in many parts of the world, is nowhere more absurd than in a University, where men and women gather to exercise their faculties of curiosity and logic. Those faculties in them are necessarily immature; their utterances are often crudely dogmatic. But to stifle thought and utterance would be in a University the basest treason. As Penn said, 'Whoever is right, the persecutor must be wrong'."

"If we are to stimulate in our pupils objective thinking, we must be equally free in speech and thought ourselves—but not equally rash. Propaganda is no part of a teacher's proper function. He is not concerned to produce opinion, a temporary state of conviction which can be quickly changed by counter-propaganda. His aim is to stimulate the growth of intelligence, the power of detached judgment. To that end he may exercise in the class-room every art of sophistry, but if he blinks his way into the outer world, where opinions clash unanchored both from fact and reason, it becomes him to remember what astonishing weight that world attaches to a professional pronouncement. The dignity of the University stalks beside him on the platform, sternly demanding judicial sobriety. A University teacher should certainly be clever; he needs to be wise; and of the factors of wisdom not the least are self-restraint and kindness and patience."

Appoint Commission

To Inquire Into Claims Of Alberta For Further Resources Compensation

Hon. Andrew K. Dymart, judge of the Manitoba court of king's bench; Hon. Thomas M. Tweedie, judge of the supreme court of Alberta; and George C. Macdonald, Montreal, have been constituted a commission to inquire into claims of the province of Alberta for further compensation with respect to the administration and control of its natural resources. Announcement of the appointment was officially published recently. Mr. Justice Dymart is chairman. With the exception of Mr. Justice Tweedie the commission is the same as that which investigated similar claims on the part of Saskatchewan recently. On the completion of the Alberta report the commission will render to the federal government joint recommendations on behalf of both provinces.

Chinese Form Of Torture

Used Skin Of Rhinoceros To Crush Political Prisoners

The ancient Chinese had some strange uses for the rhinoceros, according to a report by an American archaeologist. One form of torture was to wrap a political prisoner in the hide of a freshly killed rhinoceros. As the hide dried it contracted and slowly crushed the victim. Another use the ancient Chinese had for rhinoceros skins was for covering funeral cars. Also the armour of the bronze-age warriors was made of it.

Once upon a time the good died young. But since goodness became a virtually obsolete virtue, the careless have been dying young, instead. Cigarettes in their modern form were introduced into America and Europe about 65 years ago.

Change of Climate, Diet, Water Often the Cause of Diarrhoea

If you are suddenly attacked with Diarrhoea, Dysentery, Colic, Cramps, Pains in the Stomach, Bummer, any Longing in the Stomach, do not waste valuable time, but get a bottle of Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry and see how quickly it will relieve you. This bowel complaint remedy has been on the market for the past 88 years. Proof enough that you are not experimenting with some new and untried medicine. Do not accept a substitute. Get "Dr. Fowler's" when you ask for it, and be on the safe side. Put up only by The T. Milburn Co., Ltd., Toronto, Ont.



Gold Pouring Into London

Great Increase In Foreign Deposits Of Precious Metal

The golden tide, unexampled in the history of the world's monetary movements, continues to pour into London.

It began a year ago with a gold influx at the rate of \$25,000,000 weekly, then it increased early this year to \$62,000,000 weekly, and now it averages 45 millions weekly and shows no indication of declining. As soon as gold arrives in England from South Africa, Canada and other producing countries, it is bought by French, German, Dutch and American buyers, nervous about the financial state of affairs in their own countries, and stored away uselessly in the vaults of London banks, where they know it cannot be touched. Already in the square mile that constitutes the city of London more precious metal has accumulated than ever King Solomon's legendary mines contained. The latest figures, covering a period of nine months, show gold importations valued at \$1,000,200,000. Exports reached less than \$500,000,000. Altogether, at the moment one billion and a quarter of foreign gold is stored in the city banks—a figure which exceeds any previous records in peace time.

Bankers do not want this gold; they cannot use it either to provide credits for industry or work for Britain's unemployed. Moreover, any fresh financial upheaval in Europe might cause its flight from London, with disastrous effects on sterling's international stability. Its uselessness is further emphasized by the fact that, although London's vaults are bursting with it, the official government figures reveal that the British people's purchasing power in the way of wages and salaries has been decreased through an economy campaign by \$310,000,000 since the gold crisis of 1931.

Solo Climber Lost Life

Former British Army Captain Attempted Ascent Of Mount Everest

A solo climb of Mount Everest would be the limit in human daring. It is the sort of unbridled audacity which the Greeks thought allied to sacrilege and which the gods invariably punished. The penalty has been meted out to Maurice Wilson, the former British army captain who set out to walk up a mountain which organized expeditions have failed to conquer. It was his theory that these Everest attempts had failed because of overabundance, in which he may have been right.

Mr. Wilson did not count on making use of ropes and tracks left by the Rutledge expedition last year, so that in the strictest sense his was something more than a one-man expedition. But when all is said and done, he obviously belonged to the new school of mountaineering which has sprung up since the war and which has transformed a sport into a gamble with death. The new climbers have performed feats which the old school would not dream of attempting, but they have done it at an enormous cost of life.—New York Times.

To Salvage Treasure

Nineteen Gallons Sunk In 1702 To Be Searched For Gold

The 19 gallons of the Franco-Spanish fleet sunk in the Bay of Vigo in September, 1702, by the combined British and Dutch fleets under Sir George Rooke and the Duke of Ormonde, will be searched for gold this summer, the Madrid newspaper El Debate reported.

Several previous attempts to salvage the treasure brought by the fleet from the West Indies were fruitless.

Glass Is Latest Vogue

Glass and steel are the vogue for modern homes in England this season. Glass what-nots and chromium-plated easy chairs are among the most popular pieces. Glass beds are coming into style. Steel drawing rooms and glass bedrooms are considered the latest in human habitation.

The principal European countries, notably France, Italy, and Germany, have strenuously controlled the imports of dairy products during the past few years by tariffs, quotas, and other means. This has resulted in a steady increase in the quantities of butter and cheese exported to the United Kingdom.

Canadian production of timothy seed is less than one half of domestic requirements, as indicated by import statistics, while substantial export surpluses of alfalfa, sweet clover, and Canada blue grass are usually produced yearly.

DIXIE

PLUG SMOKING TOBACCO

For real economy and enjoyment, smoke plug tobacco. The tobacco stays fresher, because you cut each pipeful as you need it... coarse or flaky, to suit yourself. And, it lasts longer in your pipe!



Building More Ships

Britain Still Maintaining Her Rule Of The Sea

What may be taken as a sign of a world trend toward prosperity is the fact that on June 30 last, compared with the same date last year, there was a 70 per cent. increase in the tonnage of the merchant ships under construction in the yards of all nations, except Russia, about which Lloyd's had no official information. Since June, 1933, there has been increased activity in most shipyards and compared with the report on March 31, it is still on the upgrade though the augment of new tonnage was only 1 per cent.

Great Britain and Ireland, which are taken together, still lead the way. The only notable gain over the last quarter was that shown in their reports. They are building five of the ships of 20,000 tons or more, the sixth being under construction in France. Two of the large British ships were started last quarter.

The British yards are now building 48.3 per cent. of all merchant tonnage, namely, 587,142 tons out of the 1,218,340 under construction. The British increase was 105,702 tons over last quarter. To appreciate Britain's position we have only to compare it with Japan's, which is next in line. Japan's total tonnage on June 30 was 137,280, less than a fourth of Britain's total, and Japan's increase was 14,000 tons, less than a seventh Britain's increase.

France comes next in line, then Germany, Denmark, Holland, Sweden, Italy, the United States and Spain, in the order named. The only two nations which showed less shipbuilding activity were Italy and Spain. The United States moved up from tenth to ninth place, though its increase was only 247 tons. It is evident that British merchant shipping is maintaining its rule of the sea.

A Million In Time

World War Lasted About Two Million Minutes

A way of realizing the meaning of a million is to think of what it means in time. Few people realize that there are less than a million days in the whole Christian Era; in fact, if we count back a million days from 1933, we come to a date well before the founding of Rome, while a million hours would take us back to the battle of Trafalgar. The Great War lasted about two million minutes, and, taking the total casualties as ten millions, this gives an average of five casualties per minute throughout the period of hostilities.

The movement of sheep and lambs in Canada from farms to livestock yards and packers showed a substantial increase during 1933 and was well above the five-year average, 1929-1933.

Logging camps and other woods operations form an important outlet for Canadian canned and dried fruits.

In 1933 a total of 398,300 acres were sown to buckwheat in Canada and production amounted to 4,843,000 bushels.

for STIFFNESS

Pain of Minard's will rub in soon sets you right. Rubs the sore part with warm water before you start.

34 You'll soon limber up!

MINARD'S
"KING OF PAIN"
LINIMENT

King George's Silver Jubilee

Celebration Will Be Held In May Of Next Year

The Irish Free State has declined to send a representative to participate in next year's celebration of the silver jubilee of King George's accession, it was revealed in the House of Commons.

The revelation was made by Acting-Premier Stanley Baldwin who announced the celebration would be held May 6 to 18 and the 25th anniversary of accession would be observed as a public holiday throughout the nation.

Mr. Baldwin said prime ministers of Canada, Australia, New Zealand and South Africa had welcomed with warmth the suggestion they take part in the ceremonies at London, although it was impossible to tell at the moment if they would be able to be present owing to possibility of political developments keeping them at home.

The acting-premier said also the government hoped to hold informal conversations with the premiers regarding important empire questions, taking advantage of their presence in London.

The Irish refusal of the invitation was decided by President Eamon de Valera and his executive on the grounds attendance was not possible under present conditions, a statement presumed to mean the Free State did not wish to take part in view of differences between it and the United Kingdom over land annuities and the consequent economic "war".

Feature of the celebration will be a thanksgiving service which their Majesties will attend at St. Paul's cathedral and similar services in other parts of the country.

Home For Quintuplets

New Home To Be Built In Little Northern Ontario Town

Sometime between now and when the early winter snow begins to fly in this little northern Ontario town, the Dionne quintuplets, their five brothers and sisters and their parents will be housed in a comfortable, modern residence.

Through the aid of the Canadian Red Cross, and with assistance also from officials of the northern Ontario relief commission, it was learned recently, plans will be far enough advanced in a few days to allow architect, contractor and workmen to begin their tasks in earnest.

Has Given Good Service

Denver Man Still Driving Roadster Bought In 1910

C. C. Dill, a Denver roofing contractor, estimates that he has got 400,000 miles out of his 1910 roadster. He bought the machine in 1910, after it had been driven about 2,000 miles. In 1915 the speedometer gave up and stopped at 240,000 miles. Since then he has been driving it steadily, from coast to coast and from the Great Lakes to Alabama. Not once has it been involved in an accident or brought its owner into difficulties with the law.

The Christian Science folk built a new publishing house in Boston during the years of depression, paid \$400,000 for it in cash and never held a garden party or a church supper.

When a lion's tail becomes motionless, it is a signal that he is angry and about to attack, according to trainers.

Draught-proof curtains, brought together by a zipper tassel, have appeared in London.

Red raspberries are the hardest of the brambles.

Secret Method Revealed

How Scotland Yard Determines Age Of Finger Prints

Scotland Yard's secret method of telling the age of finger prints was revealed in Sessions Court in London during the trial recently of John C. O'Connor, charged with breaking into the Lady Margaret Day Nursery. Evidence against him was a thumb-print found on a clock, but O'Connor said he had only handled the timepiece in 1932. Detective-Sergeant Jack Living, of New Scotland Yard, said he had no doubt the fingerprint was that of O'Connor. He added: "The powder we apply to latent impressions to bring them out will stick to the ridges of a new print, but an old one is dry and the powder will not adhere to it. A fresh print can easily be removed by a duster, but a stale one can only be removed by a damp cloth."

Education In Russia

Stalin Orders Secondary Schools To Raise Standards Again

Stalin's latest decree that the secondary schools of the Soviet Union must, in some degree at least, return to the standards and methods of the rest of Europe adds another paragraph to a new and more hopeful chapter in an old and rather sorry story. The story is that of the failure of an experiment, which, like so many other things in modern Russia, looked very handsome on paper, but which has proved to be quite beyond realization in actual practice.—Glasgow Herald.

Always Good Neighbors

Canada And United States Like To Exchange Courtesies

That was a friendly and fine gesture when the Americans brought back the mace which they took away from the old Upper Canada parliament back in 1812. To many, it may seem a little thing, yet it is just the sort of little thing that makes for friendliness and good feeling between two countries. It is the sort of thing, indeed, which, occurring every now and then, has made Canada and the United States almost model neighbors.—Ottawa Journal.

Both the production and consumption of oats in Canada have followed a downward trend since 1929.

"It Helps Me!"

That's what 98 out of 100 women say after taking this medicine. It quiets quivering nerves, gives them more strength before and after childbirth, eases them over Change of Life... makes life seem worth living again.

LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S VEGETABLE COMPOUND

Presto Pack

Hang it in your kitchen. Pull out a sheet of Waxed Paper at a time.

Appelford PAPER PRODUCTS
HAMILTON, ONTARIO

KEEP COOL

by Taking an
Effervescent,
Invigorating Glass of

**ANDREWS
LIVER SALT**

TO COOL YOUR BLOOD
In 1911—25¢ and 50¢
Now, large bottles, 75¢

OCCASIONAL WIFE

By
EDNA ROBB WEBSTER

Author of "Joretta," "Lipstick
Girl" Etc.

SYNOPSIS

Camilla Hoyt and Peter Anson, young and in love, marry secretly, deciding to live their own lives apart until Peter is able to provide for her. Peter is a young, struggling sculptor trying to win a competition for a scholarship abroad and Camilla is the adopted daughter of a wealthy family. She is not to inherit money when she comes of age and so is studying commercial art in the hope of landing an agency job. Others in the story are Avis Werth, another wealthy girl who is trying to win Peter, Sylvia Todd, Peter's mother and Gus Matson, his former roommate with whom he has quarrelled. After a party at an exclusive club, when the rest of the members of the party go to a cabaret to continue the gaiety, Peter and Camilla slip off to the beach by themselves and fall asleep on the sand. When they awake it is early morning and Avis and another boy are standing near them. This makes it necessary for Camilla to announce before the party that she and Peter are married. Camilla urges Peter to accept some of her earnings to help him along, but Peter refuses and they quarrel. After Camilla has gone from the studio, Avis Werth calls and persuades Peter to accept a loan of \$1,000. Peter finishes his exhibit and asks Avis and Camilla for suggestions as to a name for it. Camilla suggests "Rager Youth" and Avis "Inspiration." Peter adopts the latter title and Camilla, heartbroken, goes to Peter's studio for quiet and to think. Peter and Avis follow later, and as the lights are turned on, the statue has been shattered to pieces. Avis accuses Camilla of doing this, and Camilla, stunned by the disaster, and hurt and horrified by the accusation, faints.

At Camilla's suggestion, Peter enters as his exhibit a statue of Peter sculptured especially for her as a wedding gift. They named it "Land of Hope."

Camilla's advertising campaign was a success from the beginning, and it was arranged to have radio broadcasts, in addition, to newspaper advertising. Camilla to both write the Tiny Tots stories and to deliver them over the radio.

Peter's exhibit was awarded the Paris scholarship, and he prepares for his journey to France.

(Now Go On With The Story)

CHAPTER LV.

Camilla powdered her nose and drew her hat over her head at a port angle, but her movements were mechanical. She was thinking neither about her nose nor the angle of her hat. Her hands trembled a little, with excitement and apprehension. In another half hour, she would be speaking into the microphone to thousands, perhaps. There was a possibility that she would be speaking to no one, except Peter. She laughed shakily at the thought. All that effort and anxiety and expense, just to speak to Peter!

But she knew that would not be true. The response to her Tiny Tots had been too convincing of her public's interest, and the advertising of her radio programs too thorough to deny her an audience. She envisioned that audience now, vaguely, reaching far out into limitless space, instead of her own chic figure in the dressing room mirror at the office. Her new autumn ensemble of transparent black velvet was set off by a smartly tailored white satin blouse, a white-trimmed purse and a perky white bow on the snug black velvet hat perched jauntily on the back of her black curls.

She joined Mr. Bowman in the outer office, who was going with her to the studio to introduce her to the important client of the firm, Mr. Alexander Hoyt.

Even in her trepidation, she had

to smile a little to herself when she anticipated that formal meeting with the man whom she had known as "dad" all her life. It might not be quite fair of her to surprise him like this, but she thought she deserved the right to make of it an important event. The circumstances had warranted it, she believed.

Mr. Bowman's car was waiting at the curb to whisk them away with a sense of importance. It had been a long time since Camilla had ridden behind a liveried chauffeur. She would never have supposed that last time, that the next event would be a manifestation of her success in her beloved work, and so soon.

Arrived at the towering building on the top of which was the broadcasting station, an elevator whisked them upward and deposited them in a large, handsomely appointed reception room where a girl at the switchboard announced them. The program manager, Mr. Ritchie, appeared presently and greeted Camilla with deferent graciousness.

"You must get acquainted around here and make yourself at home, if you are going to be one of our regular visitors," he told her pleasantly. "You will broadcast from studio A, so we'll go right in now. Mr. Hoyt has not yet arrived, but I expect him any minute."

They passed through several rooms into a spacious, high-ceilinged room, soft-carpeted, heavy velvet hangings at the high arched windows. Two concert grand pianos made little impression in the room's size, other musical instruments stood about, including a little old-fashioned organ; a few chairs.

A half dozen microphones were suspended from the ceiling. Camilla had been there before, to try out her voice; at that she had been surprised that the "mikes" were not like those one saw erected before public speakers outside the studio. They were long, black, tube-like cylinders with a small porous circuit pendant into which one spoke directly. She had learned then that papers rustled or slipped together caused "lightning" over the air, and various other facts concerning the marvel of radio broadcasting.

"They had just been seated when a studio attendant ushered in Mr. Hoyt. Even before he crossed the room to them, he recognized Camilla, and his reserved smile of greeting was puzzled.

"Hello, Camilla. I didn't expect to see you here. Did you come to watch the broadcasting?"

Mr. Ritchie looked from one to the other, as puzzled as was Alexander Hoyt.

"You know Mrs. Anson, Mr. Hoyt? She is here to do the broadcasting. She is your very capable advertising artist, the creator of the Tiny Tots."

Camilla's smile appeared to her foster father for all that she could not express in words her forgiveness for this secrecy and the importance of her responsibility to his venture.

"Why, of course, I know Mrs. Anson—my Camilla—can it be possible?" He was speechless, but that twinkling of pleasure that she remembered so well gleamed in his eyes before a suspicious mistiness clouded them. He took her hand quietly. "My heartiest congratulations, Camilla. You are all he said, but Camilla it was like an oration of commendation, knowing the man as she did.

There were a few moments of comment and explanation and then the room began to stir with other arrivals, people coming and going, orchestra instruments being tuned, an atmosphere of waiting expectation. A huge clock on one side of the room, with a long, impatient second hand, measured off the passing time rapidly.

Lights flashed on a signal board. Finally, double sound-proof doors were closed, everyone was in his place to avoid the least fractional second of delay. Camilla thrilled to this new experience of being a part of that vast organization of education and amusement that flooded the air all over the world from these perfectly regulated units.

A red light flashed above the letter A on the signal board, and the voice of the station announcer began his introduction to the Wheatheart Cereal program. The orchestra followed instantly with a gay selection. Mr. Ritchie introduced Mr. Hoyt briefly and he, in turn, presented Camilla. His audience and the occupants of that room could have been more astonished than was Camilla herself when he said:

"Boys and girls, I am not only going to introduce to you the creator of the Tiny Tots, but I am going to pass on to you a lovely surprise which I had just a few minutes ago when I met Miss Camilla Anson. You have not known her, and neither have I, before this afternoon. Imagine my surprise to discover that it was my

own little girl, grown up and working for me and for you, and all the time I did not know it. I knew that she was working somewhere with art work, but I never knew until now that she was bringing Tiny Tots to life for your entertainment and happiness. I wish I might tell all of you what a splendid and beautiful little girl she is, for I know you would love her as much as I do. And now, I am going to let her tell you the first adventure of her little people over the radio. Miss Anson."

Camilla never knew quite how she managed to control her voice after that comment. Fortunately, she had written out her story so that she could refer to it in emergency, which gave her a sense of security, and she managed to get through the ordeal somehow. Her voice gained confidence and clarity as she continued, and her story proved to be timed to the second for the eighteen minutes allotted her. She returned to her chair with a feeling of weak exhaustion, wondering if she had been a failure. But Mr. Ritchie smiled reassuringly and whispered, "Splendid," under cover of the music which followed.

Finally, then, it was over and Camilla passed through the opened doors, feeling as if she had been on a strange journey to another world. Mr. Hoyt took her arm affectionately.

"I can't tell you how proud I am. Camilla, nor how much I appreciate what you have done for me. Your mother will be immensely pleased, too. Can't you come out to dinner with us to-night? We haven't seen much of you these days. And, no wonder," he added with a shy twisted smile.

"Sorry, but I can't to-night, dad. You know, I leave this day after to-morrow for New York to sail on the sixteenth. But I shall be seeing you more often when he is gone, I promise. I've been terribly busy and it doesn't look like I am going to be less busy very soon. I do want to talk with you about—everything, and I'd like to have some co-operation on some of my ideas hereafter. It's been—"

She stopped a little breathlessly, "rather a struggle, to make it go all alone."

"You are wonderful," he said simply, "and we are proud of Peter, also. So glad that he won the scholarship, but I wonder what you are going to do without him."

"Just wait—and wait for him," she laughed.

A boy interrupted them. "Telephone for Miss Anson, please. Over here, he directed.

Camilla wondered who could be calling her there, excused herself from the group.

"Dear, you were marvelous," Peter's voice replied to her hesitant, "Hello."

"Who in the world but you, darling, would think of calling me before this afternoon. Imagine my surprise to discover that it was my

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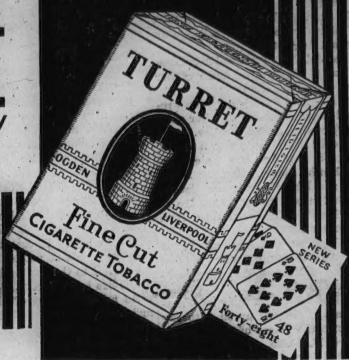
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**Still Hold Ancient Rites**

Indians In North Cling To Old Religious Customs

Christianizing of some 6,000 Indians in Saskatchewan is rapidly going ahead, but in the wigwam encampments which dot the northern tundra ancient religious rites are still practiced, Ven Archdeacon W. E. J. Paul, head of Indian work in the Anglican diocese of Saskatchewan, stated before the Historical Society at Prince Albert.

Up where the northern lights spread their phantom signals across the sky the Indians still observe the "sacrifice of the white dog," marry according to age-old customs and hold the ancient sun dance and ghost dance. The nearly forgotten medicine man is a power in some Indian communities and still heals the natives with herbs, the churchman said.

Archdeacon Paul believed there was no doubt but what the Indians were better off in the old teepee life than living in ill-ventilated shacks as many of them do who stay near civilization.

There are times when an Indian merely goes through the ceremony of a feast to take a wife. On some reservations there is a rare case of polygamy and casual exchange of wives. This, however, is being discouraged by missionaries.

In some parts of Saskatchewan the ceremony of the "White Dog" intended to wash away sin, is still practised. The "Sun Dance," a tortuous ceremonial which used to last three days, is held periodically but it has been cut to 24 hours without the torture.

Archdeacon Paul said while sleeping in an Indian teepee last year he was awakened throughout the night by the constant beating of the tom-toms. Even the "Ghost Dance" for the dead and the "Give-Away Dance" whereby Indians hope to get back all they gave away, are still sometimes held. These two rituals have been banned by the Indian department.

Safety Minded

Organization For The Prevention Of Accidents In Industry

The fact that there is an organization set up and operated solely for the prevention of accidents in industry should be sufficient to emphasize in the public mind the importance of the work it has undertaken, and should encourage all individuals to co-operate in achieving the aims to which it aspires. When one realizes, as has been pointed out, that at least 85 per cent. of all industrial accidents are preventable, it is easy to conclude that the painful toll could be quickly and drastically reduced if the people as a whole were to become safety-minded.—St. John Telegraph-Journal.

Farm Implement Sales

Sales of farm implements in Canada are one-third greater this year than in the first six months of 1933, and there is every indication that they will continue to increase, according to the sales manager of one of the leading companies. In some parts of the west there is a 50 per cent. increase and the outlook for the immediate future is brighter.

Natives of the Far East still consume accoutrements; they are baked, shed, ground and cooked like bread.

The Volga river is the largest river of Russia and of Europe.

Little Helps For This Week

"The shadow of a great rock in a weary land." Isaiah 32:2.
"In returning and rest shall ye be saved; in quietness and confidence shall be your strength." Isaiah 30:15.

O shadow in a sultry land
We gather to Thy breast
Whose love enfolding like the night,
Brings quietude and rest.
Glimpse of the fairer life to be,
In forlorn hope possessed.

Strive to see God, in all things and acquiesce in His will with absolute submission. Do everything for God, uniting yourself with Him by a mere upward glance, or by the overflowing of your heart toward Him. Never be in a hurry, do everything quietly and in a calm spirit. Do not lose your inward peace for anything whatsoever, even if your whole world seems to be upset. Commend all to God, and whatever happens abide steadfast in a determination to cling closely to Him, trusting to His eternal love for you, and if you find you have wandered forth from this shelter recall your heart quietly and simply. Do not disturb yourself with a host of cares, wishes or longings, under any pretext.—Francis De Sales.

It is to those whom we call fanatics that we owe practically every step that has been made in our slow journey toward a better world, states Dr. J. L. Tiggar, Canadian Red Cross Society.

The New York stock exchange has 70,000 miles of telephone and telegraph wires.

Dr. Wernet's Powder For FALSE TEETH

A Joy To All Users

Can't Slip or Slide

Sprinkle on Dr. Wernet's Powder and you won't have to think about your false teeth all day long. Joyous comfort in yours. Eat anything you want—it holds plates firmly in place—they positively can't slip or slide. Forms protective cushion for sensitive gums. Leaves no colored, gummy substance—keeps mouth sanitary, breath pleasant. Prescribed by world's most noted dentists. The cost is small—the comfort great. Any druggist.



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CIGARETTE HOLDER

DENICOTEA Cigarette Holder absorbs the nicotine, pyridine, ammonia and resinous and tarry substances found in tobacco smoke.

Complete holder with refills — \$1.00 postpaid, or from your Druggist or Tobacconist. Dealers wanted everywhere.

NOW OBTAINABLE FROM

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DEALERS WANTED
CHANTLER & CHANTLER, LTD.

You'll be delighted with

WONDER PAPER

It dries—as it cleans—as it polishes.

Appelton PAPER PRODUCTS
HAMMONT, ONTARIO

Main Street

Irene Lambert is progressing fine after her tonsil operation at the Clinic.

Rev. J. R. and Mrs. Geeson are spending a few days in Edmonton this week.

Miss Marjorie Brink of Plaxton, has accepted a position at the B. Haun home.

Mrs. O. Steffanson and children arrived home from the Coast last Sunday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Penfield and son Bobbie returned from their holidays on Tuesday, Aug. 14th.

Miss Mabel Berg arrived last Tuesday for a visit at the home of her sister, Mrs. J. Fletcher.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Halvorsen have returned to the Irma district after quite a lengthy visit across the line.

Why does Dave Bacon wear a smile? Because it is a boy, and the eyes of him when he saw it. Hawkins News.

Mr. and Mrs. E. Prior and daughters Evelyn and Betty Anne, are in Mannville hospital suffering from septic throat.

Mr. R. Milne and son of Sunny Slope, Alberta, made a short visit at the home of Mr. and Mrs. John Archibald last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Clay of Paradise Valley, motored up on Saturday to visit at the homes of J. U. Allens and Mrs. M. Chase.

Mr. and Mrs. A. H. Locke returned Monday morning after being away 6 weeks on a visit to their old home in Prince Edward Island.

Miss Elizabeth Higginson has been accepted as student nurse at the Royal Alex. Hospital, Edmonton, and expects to go on duty Aug. 28th.

J. Bishop and wife drove to Edmonton Tuesday, taking with them Mrs. Pryce Jones, who was re-called for further medical treatment.

Mr. and Mrs. W. Cole and Messrs. Jas. and J. E. Hedley returned from an excursion trip to Vancouver and other coast points on Thursday evening, Aug. 9th.

We are very sorry to learn that Mrs. Pryce Jones had to undergo a serious operation a short time ago and was called back on the 14th for further treatment.

Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Greer and two sons of Regina have been visiting the former's parents, Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Greer, for two weeks, on their farm north of Irma.

Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Yeend left by car on Wednesday for a visit with friends in the Athabasca district. Gwen and Lillian Inkman accompanied them as far as Edmonton.

Mr. George Jones came down from Edmonton, where he is attending Metavish, and spent the week-end with friends here. Mr. Jones has a position on the staff of the Commercial High at Edson.

The amount of rainfall from Aug. 1st to 15th was 1.20 inches in the Irma district. From April 1st to Aug. 15th it was 6.49 inches, while the ten year average for the same period is 9.46 inches.

Mr. D. P. A. McBeth of Tessier, Sask., spent the week end in Irma district transacting business, and looking up many old acquaintances, making his headquarters at the home of Mr. F. W. Watkinson.

Mr. Wm. Jack and John Jack Jr., with his daughter Olive, left for their respective homes in Poe and Clyde, Alberta, on Sunday afternoon, after attending the Sparrow and Simmons Nuptials Saturday evening.

Miss Lonelle Coffin, who has been for several years a teacher in the public school of Sexsmith (grades 7 and 8), arrived home Wednesday from Edmonton, where she has been attending a summer session at the university.

Mr. J. G. Simpson, who has been staying at the Watkinson home for three weeks, whilst acting relief manager at the Bank of Montreal during Mr. Penfield's vacation, left Irma to resume his duties at Wainwright on Wednesday.

A large crowd turned out last Monday evening to hear Mrs. Rogers and Mr. Unwin speak on the Douglas system of social credit. Both speakers gave a very interesting talk on the subject which was greatly appreciated by the audience.

Mr. and Mrs. McMan of Edmonton motored down last week end for a few days visit with Mrs. McMan's sister and family, Mr. and Mrs. M. McMillan, going back to the city on Monday, Mrs. McMillan and Master Neal accompanying them.

Mr. and Mrs. C. V. Larson, who returned from Montana about Aug. 1st, had a very enjoyable trip, more particularly while they were viewing the wonderful scenery around Banff and Lake Louise which they visited on their way south. In Montana there has been a prolonged drought, which has forced stock men to ship thousands of head of stock to other parts for pasture. Winter wheat in Montana will yield heavier than the spring varieties. Mr. and Mrs. Larson returned by way of Lethbridge and they still think the Irma district is one of the best they have seen.

News From The Capital

By T. B. Windsor

Pleading the "unwritten law which applies to the palace as well as the igloo" in defence of his slaying of a hated rival to his wife's affections in a primitive triangle affair in the icy Arctic wastes, Ahigiak, an Eskimo from King William Island, was given five years imprisonment by the court presided over by Stipendiary Magistrate J. M. Douglas, of Edmonton, at Coppermine settlement on the Arctic coast, after a jury of six men had found the native guilty.

The trial and the verdict is an illustration of the fairness of British justice and the fact that the arm of the law is long and inescapable.

The magistrate and lawyers for the prosecution and defence travelled 1,300 miles, mostly by aeroplane, to hold the unique trial and native witnesses who had come hundreds of miles testified as to the details of the crime under the cold skies of the far north. The arrest was made by R.C.M.P. officers in the fall of 1931, and it was only this week that the trial could be held. It cost the government hundreds of dollars to administer justice to the natives in this case, but it has been done.

As an illustration of the fairness and justice of the British law, the native will spend his five years imprisonment at Aklavik, within the Arctic Circle, where his chances of living to serve his full term with time off for good behaviour will be good. To have brought this hot-blooded Eskimo south to a dungeon in a civilized prison would have been to have made death certain from homesickness and disease. In such a case hanging would be the more merciful.

Ahigiak shot his friend, who lived with him in a snow igloo, to death in fit of jealousy over his wife's affections. The family then fled from the igloo fearing the spirit of the dead man might haunt them and cause trouble. Eye witnesses told of the shooting.

Hon. George Hoadley, who has represented the provincial government at the recent meeting of premiers in Ottawa, for the solution of the Arctic and other provincial problems, anticipates that federal assistance will be given in a plan to relieve unemployment and drought suffering. Extensive migrations from dried out areas in the south to the northern parklands is included in the scheme that is before the government. Word received from Mr. Hoadley, who is not leaving for home until the agreement with the federal government has been completed, indicates that the plan is to use unemployed men to clear land in the northern bush areas, to which farmers in the drought areas will later be moved.

Hon. H. H. Stevens, minister of trade and commerce in the federal government, visited Edmonton during the past week and spoke twice, at public gatherings. He made little of the furor being raised all over the

country over the publication of a speech he made in Ottawa, in which he prejudged several matters that must come before the Royal Commission on Price Spreads, of which he is chairman. But perhaps his most useful contribution to public thought and interest, was his address before the service clubs of the city in which he warned the business men that the day has come when the farmer and the worker must be given a square deal and a larger share in the gains from their labor and produce.

A company of 200 junior farmers from central and northern Alberta attended the annual field day at the University of Alberta Friday. They were addressed by Dr. R. S. Wallace, president of the university; Dean A. E. Howes, head of the faculty of Agriculture; and by Hon. F. S. Grisdale, minister of Agriculture in the provincial government.

Until Saturday afternoon the provincial and federal U. F. A. members and executives were in joint session of the annual caucus at the parliament buildings, Edmonton. Much of the discussion hinged on a resolution dealing with monetary policy, relief, and rural education. The members decided to hold another conference in the fall to deal with a draft of a new provincial platform for the U. F. A. Saturday members of the executive conferred with Premier Reid at the Corono hotel over a number of matters.

WILL HAVE NONE OF IT

Among the great nations of the world Great Britain has stood foremost in its adherence to democracy. The British have shown that democracy can be even more efficient than any other kind of government during a depression as well as in good times. This is largely due to the fact that Britain was the birthplace of modern democracy her people have a substantial background in the art of self government. They know its possibilities and its limitations and they are essentially freedom-loving people.

The general run of people in Great Britain too are possibly better informed in the wider range of politics and economies than the people of any other nation. Propinquity with the old world and contact with countries at the ends of the earth, through trade, is responsible for this; also the activity of the labor unions and of the huge co-operatives. Labor governed Britain and not too badly, either for a considerably time. The large British producers' co-operatives have had remarkable success in the business field. On the whole the British people are sound in their views on the majority of political and economic issues.

This brings us to the crux of this editorial. With all the knowledge gained by the British people over the entire centuries, with all their fondness for democracy and their tendency to advanced social legislation, they have to date displayed comparatively little interest in Major Douglas' scheme for social credit. The plan was brought before the British at least a dozen years ago and it has less chance of acceptance today than it had at that time. If the plan can be made a success in any country we would suggest that Great Britain is that country. If the British people will have none of it we can rest assured that it is because there are fundamental weaknesses in it—Hanna Herald.

WANT ADS

WANTED—Two or more school girls to rent furnished room, heated and equipped for light housekeeping.—Mrs. Nancy O. Parke.

FOR SALE—Angus Bull, 3 years old, well bred. Phone 210. M. D. Askin. 17-24.

FOR SALE—One Adams farm wagon and rack, 3 1-2 in. skin by 3 in. tire. P. Webber, Rawleigh Dealer, Irma.

FOR SALE—26-46 CASE SEPARATOR, in fair running order. For further particulars see B. T. Oldham, Phone 116, Irma, Alta. 3-24.

FOR SALE—N.W. 1-4 section 4-48-9 with, at reasonable terms. For further particulars see Mrs. M. K. McLeod, Irma, Alberta. 21-28-4.

For Job Printing see E. W. Carter.

MORE STRICT ENFORCEMENT OF WEED ACT NEEDED

Times change and prices vary. Depressions come and sometimes go. But the weeds are becoming more of a menace each year and time seems to only result in an increase of their numbers. Many of the farmers are becoming dissatisfied and object to doing the work that weed control demands. Others, realizing the necessity of control and eradication, are doing splendid work in their fight against the weeds only to be reseeded again by some indifferent neighbor.

I have noticed a considerable increase of weeds since 1930. The prime responsibility for this lies with the careless farmers, but am convinced that some of it may be blamed on the weed-inspection system. I fear, as weed inspectors, we have lacked severity. We have been trying to use too much diplomacy. We have been trying to give every man a chance, so to speak, and the result has been very unsatisfactory. We have listened to too many excuses and this cannot go on any longer if we ever hope to catch up with the weeds.

I am recommending more prosecution. When a farmer fails to carry out the orders of the inspectors within the time given, he should be prosecuted immediately, and the prosecution should be continued until action against the weeds results. We have a severe weed Act and I think that more severe enforcement will result in better control being practised and more security for those farmers who are trying to keep their places clean.

P. D. HUXLEY,

Field Supervisor,

Wainwright.

Increase of 25 Per Cent Shown in Gasoline Tax

An increase of 25 per cent in four years in the average of gasoline taxes paid by motorists in Canada, is recorded in figures of the Dominion Bureau of Statistics for 1933 just released.

From 1930 to 1932, the tax in Canada was 5.44 cents per gallon. This year the average is 6.77 cents per gallon, which is equal to an increase of 24.26 per cent.

At the same time, while the gasoline tax has increased by 25 per cent, the selling value of cars at the works has dropped from \$31,776,846 in 1930 to \$28,560,796 and gasoline consumption has declined from over 600 million gallons in 1929 to 484,323,000 gallons in 1933.

Study of the Bureau's figures show a trend to decline in the consumption of gasoline almost simultaneously with the increase in the taxation of the product which, originally, was imposed to pay for highways but which, now in most provinces, is being absorbed into revenues to be used for general purposes.

Alarmed at the persistent increase in taxation, motor executives throughout Canada are indicating that some alleviation will inevitably lead to more extensive use of automobiles and that this will react to the benefit of provincial treasuries.

Irma Times for Job Printing.

NOTES OF INTEREST OF BUSY KINSELLA

Mrs. John Neale and children returned on Sunday from Hardisty Lake where they have been camping for a week.

Mrs. Wachter and family spent several days of last week in Edmonton.

Miss Jeannette McKie is convalescing after having had her tonsils removed in the Viking hospital.

Miss G. Thomas is the guest of Mrs. Bruce Davis this week.

Unfavorable weather interfered with the picnic plans of the W. I. on Tuesday, August 7th. However, a very pleasant social afternoon was spent at the home of Mrs. Johnson.

The regular meeting of the Ladies' Aid was held at the home of Mrs. C. Smogard on Thursday, August 9th.

Mr. Lloyd Arkinstall is in the Viking hospital as a result of severe burns received in a gasoline explosion on Wednesday of last week. He was starting an engine in a tool house and in some way broke the glass container of the gasoline which ignited with a spark from the engine. Mr. and Mrs. Arkinstall managed to best out the flames which had enveloped their son, Mrs. Arkinstall suffering painful burns to one hand. Both she and Lloyd were immediately taken to the Viking hospital where they received treatment.

The FIRESIDE PHILOSOPHER

BY ALFRED BIGGS

Facts dispel fancies. You can't win if you're afraid to try.

Science, music and art know no nationality. You may play a good game and still be a poor sport.

The vices of today often are the virtues of tomorrow. You can't separate true knowledge from modesty.

Only ignorance measures values by money standards.

CARD OF THANKS

We wish to express our sincere thanks to all those who extended sympathy and helped in any way during our recent sad bereavement.

—The Goodale Family.

Going East

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